## B. A. Sociology – Programme Specific Outcomes

- The BA Sociology program offers twelve courses in all. Students have to opt for ten courses viz:
  - 1. Four discipline specific courses (DSC) (two each in BA 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> year);
  - 2. Four Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC) (two courses each in 2<sup>nd</sup> year and 3<sup>rd</sup> year);
  - 3. Two Discipline Specific Electives **(DSE)** in the third year of the BA programme.
- Students opting Sociology as DSC-II have to study 6-courses viz: four DSCs and two DSEs, respectively.
- The Sociology department also offers two Generic Electives (GE) in 3<sup>rd</sup> year for students studying subjects other than sociology.

Class	Course Title	Course Code/type	Learning outcome
BA 1 <sup>st</sup>	1.	SOCL-A101	The students will:
year	Introduction to Sociology	(DSC-1A)	<ul> <li>Acquaint themselves with the meaning, origin and development of sociology.</li> <li>Introduced to basic concepts of Sociology like Society, Community, Institutions, Association, Group, Social Structure and function, Status and Role etc.</li> <li>Understand the differences and similarities of sociology with other social sciences, and areas of interdependence.</li> <li>Subject matter and importance of sociology.</li> <li>Understand the future career options through sociology.</li> </ul>

## BA Sociology Course-wise learning objectives and outcomes are as follows:

2. Society in	SOCL-A 102	Students will:
India	(DSC-2A)	• Be introduced to the basic features of Indian society.
		• Get to know the multicultural nature of Indian society.
		Will get to know about the different social institutions and
		understand their functions.
		Develop a sociological understanding of various prevalent

			concerns of Indian society like communalism, casteism etc.
BA 2 <sup>nd</sup>	3. Sociological	SOCL-A 201	Students will
year	Theories	(DSC-1C)	<ul> <li>Be introduced to the classical sociological thinkers, whose work has shaped the discipline.</li> <li>Be equipped with theoretical insights to help them analyze and interpret the social scenario around them.</li> <li>Be acquainted with the different sociological perspectives and theories.</li> </ul>
	4. Methods of	SOCL-A 202	Students will
	Sociological	(DSC-2C)	Have a general introduction to the sociological research
	Enquiry		methodology.
			<ul> <li>equipped with basic research understanding and skills.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Introduced to various steps in conducting social research.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Acquaintance with different types of research and issues in research.</li> </ul>
			• Understand the utility of research for social development.

	5. Techniques of	SOCL-A 203	Students will
	Social	(SEC-1)	Enhance the skills of students to understand and use
	Research		<ul> <li>techniques employed by social scientists to investigate social phenomena with emphasis on formulating research design, methods of data collection, and data analysis.</li> <li>It will provide students with some basic knowledge on how to conduct quantitative and qualitative research.</li> <li>The focus will be on better understanding of research by the suggested field exercises.</li> </ul>
BA 2 <sup>nd</sup>	6. Sociology of	SOCL-A 204	Students will
year	Environment	(SEC-2)	<ul> <li>Will sensitize students about the issues related to environmental concerns.</li> <li>Will understand the interrelationship of environment and society.</li> </ul>

BA 3 <sup>rd</sup>	7.Social	SOCL-A 301	Students will
year	Demography	(SEC-3)	<ul> <li>Have an understanding of the interrelation between population and society.</li> </ul>
			Understand the concept of fertility, mortality and migration in
			the demographic processes.
			Be acquainted with recent trends in demographic
			transitions.
			• The students can Understand population growth of the
			world and India and various facets of population studies
			Understand demographic theories that depict population
			change.
			<ul> <li>Learn about the various policies and programmes adopted in the country to check population.</li> </ul>

8. Theory and	SOCL-A 302	The course will
Practice of Development	(SEC-4)	<ul> <li>Acquaint the learners with emerging issues of development theory and methodology of development practices adopted since the 1980s.</li> <li>Help in understanding the conceptual classification of under developed, developing and developed nations.</li> <li>Help in analyzing the role of Panchyat Raj System(PRI's), Urban Local Bodies(ULB's) and Non-government</li> </ul>
9. Marriage,	SOCL-A 304	Organisations (NGO's) in the Development processes. Students will
Family and	(DSE-1A)	<ul> <li>Acquaint themselves with the basic social institutions: marriage, family and kinship.</li> <li>Will able to critically examine contemporary issues in the fields of marriage, family and kinship.</li> <li>Considers theoretical issues and ethnographies with particular emphasis on diversity of practices.</li> </ul>
Stratification	SOCL-A 305 (DSE-2A)	<ul> <li>Students will</li> <li>Be introduced to various ideas of social inequality and their sociological analysis.</li> <li>The different forms and institutional manifestations of socia stratification are explored here both theoretically</li> </ul>
		and through case studies.

11. Polity and	SOCL-A 307	Students will
Society in India	(GE-1)	<ul> <li>Able to understand the definition, nature and scope of political sociology.</li> <li>Course seeks to introduce the students to the study of Indian politics from a Sociological Perspective.</li> <li>In the process, it attempts to give the students theories, categories and conceptual tools to understand politics in relation to society in general.</li> <li>The course aims to provide knowledge on the relationship between Sociology and politics and the interaction between society and political structures.</li> <li>Understand concepts of power, party system, pressure groups, bureaucracy, democracy, civil society and its functions.</li> </ul>
12. Economy and society	SOCL-A 308 (GE-2)	<ul> <li>Students will</li> <li>Be introduced to the complexities of economic activity embedded in social relations from sociological view point.</li> <li>Acquainted with different type of modes of production.</li> </ul>

In short sociological learning provides initial empirical knowledge about society, social life, social institutions and social interactions. It also prepares learners for social life by inculcating values, morals, manners and help in building positive attitudes.

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